

The Honorable Tom Carper Chairman Committee on Environment and Public Works United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

#### Dear Chairman Carper:

This letter constitutes the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022 Report to Congress on the Value Pricing Pilot Program (VPPP) in accordance with the requirements of Section 1012(b) of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

Value pricing includes a variety of strategies to manage congestion on highways and surface streets, including strategies not involving tolls. The following five broad types of pricing strategies have been studied or implemented in the United States:

- Priced Lanes partial facility pricing involving one or more lanes on a freeway facility
- Priced Highways full facility pricing of all lanes on a roadway or bridge facility
- Priced Road Networks network pricing of some or all lanes of a roadway network in an area or region
- Priced Zones area or cordon pricing
- Road Usage Pricing Without Tolls usage-based vehicle charges and market-based pricing of employer-provided parking spaces (unlike the above strategies, pricing of employer-provided parking spaces generally does not require FHWA approval under a Federal toll program)

While the program has continued, and its tolling authority is still being used in multiple jurisdictions, neither the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act nor the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act authorized additional discretionary grants funding for the VPPP. All projects funded under the VPPP were completed as of the submission of the 2020 Report to Congress. However, formula Federal-aid highway funds, such as those through the Surface Transportation Block Grant Program, may and sometimes are being used to deploy pricing strategies subject to the eligibility requirements for these funds.

Since the submission of the 2020 VPPP Report to Congress, no new toll agreements have been executed under the VPPP. However, in 2021, the Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) submitted an Expression of Interest (EoI) for the Little Cottonwood Canyon (State Route 210). UDOT is seeking toll authority under the program and an Environmental Impact Statement is currently under development. In two States that previously acquired authority to toll under

The U.S. Department of Transportation has focused extensively on addressing traffic congestion problems throughout the Nation through various strategies. Relatedly, the Department continues to provide information and coordinates comprehensive technical assistance to the States and other stakeholders.

A similar letter has been sent to the Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works and to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Shelley Moore Capito Ranking Member Committee on Environment and Public Works United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

## Dear Ranking Member Capito:

This letter constitutes the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022 Report to Congress on the Value Pricing Pilot Program (VPPP) in accordance with the requirements of Section 1012(b) of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

Value pricing includes a variety of strategies to manage congestion on highways and surface streets, including strategies not involving tolls. The following five broad types of pricing strategies have been studied or implemented in the United States:

- Priced Lanes partial facility pricing involving one or more lanes on a freeway facility
- Priced Highways full facility pricing of all lanes on a roadway or bridge facility
- Priced Road Networks network pricing of some or all lanes of a roadway network in an area or region
- Priced Zones area or cordon pricing
- Road Usage Pricing Without Tolls usage-based vehicle charges and market-based pricing of employer-provided parking spaces (unlike the above strategies, pricing of employer-provided parking spaces generally does not require FHWA approval under a Federal toll program)

While the program has continued, and its tolling authority is still being used in multiple jurisdictions, neither the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act nor the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act authorized additional discretionary grants funding for the VPPP. All projects funded under the VPPP were completed as of the submission of the 2020 Report to Congress. However, formula Federal-aid highway funds, such as those through the Surface Transportation Block Grant Program, may and sometimes are being used to deploy pricing strategies subject to the eligibility requirements for these funds.

Since the submission of the 2020 VPPP Report to Congress, no new toll agreements have been executed under the VPPP. However, in 2021, the Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) submitted an Expression of Interest (EoI) for the Little Cottonwood Canyon (State Route 210). UDOT is seeking toll authority under the program and an Environmental Impact Statement is currently under development. In two States that previously acquired authority to toll under

The U.S. Department of Transportation has focused extensively on addressing traffic congestion problems throughout the Nation through various strategies. Relatedly, the Department continues to provide information and coordinates comprehensive technical assistance to the States and other stakeholders.

A similar letter has been sent to the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works and to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Sam Graves
Chairman
Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

#### Dear Chairman Graves:

This letter constitutes the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022 Report to Congress on the Value Pricing Pilot Program (VPPP) in accordance with the requirements of Section 1012(b) of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

Value pricing includes a variety of strategies to manage congestion on highways and surface streets, including strategies not involving tolls. The following five broad types of pricing strategies have been studied or implemented in the United States:

- Priced Lanes partial facility pricing involving one or more lanes on a freeway facility
- Priced Highways full facility pricing of all lanes on a roadway or bridge facility
- Priced Road Networks network pricing of some or all lanes of a roadway network in an area or region
- Priced Zones area or cordon pricing
- Road Usage Pricing Without Tolls usage-based vehicle charges and market-based pricing of employer-provided parking spaces (unlike the above strategies, pricing of employer-provided parking spaces generally does not require FHWA approval under a Federal toll program)

While the program has continued, and its tolling authority is still being used in multiple jurisdictions, neither the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act nor the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act authorized additional discretionary grants funding for the VPPP. All projects funded under the VPPP were completed as of the submission of the 2020 Report to Congress. However, formula Federal-aid highway funds, such as those through the Surface Transportation Block Grant Program, may and sometimes are being used to deploy pricing strategies subject to the eligibility requirements for these funds.

Since the submission of the 2020 VPPP Report to Congress, no new toll agreements have been executed under the VPPP. However, in 2021, the Utah Department of Transportation UDOT) submitted an Expression of Interest (EoI) for the Little Cottonwood Canyon (State Route 210). UDOT is seeking toll authority under the program and an Environmental Impact Statement is currently under development. In the States that previously acquired authority to toll under

The U.S. Department of Transportation has focused extensively on addressing traffic congestion problems throughout the Nation through various strategies. Relatedly, the Department continues to provide information and coordinates comprehensive technical assistance to the States and other stakeholders.

A similar letter has been sent to the Ranking Member of the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Rick Larsen
Ranking Member
Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

### Dear Ranking Member Larsen:

This letter constitutes the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022 Report to Congress on the Value Pricing Pilot Program (VPPP) in accordance with the requirements of Section 1012(b) of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

Value pricing includes a variety of strategies to manage congestion on highways and surface streets, including strategies not involving tolls. The following five broad types of pricing strategies have been studied or implemented in the United States:

- Priced Lanes partial facility pricing involving one or more lanes on a freeway facility
- Priced Highways full facility pricing of all lanes on a roadway or bridge facility
- Priced Road Networks network pricing of some or all lanes of a roadway network in an area or region
- Priced Zones area or cordon pricing
- Road Usage Pricing Without Tolls usage-based vehicle charges and market-based pricing of employer-provided parking spaces (unlike the above strategies, pricing of employer-provided parking spaces generally does not require FHWA approval under a Federal toll program)

While the program has continued, and its tolling authority is still being used in multiple jurisdictions, neither the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act nor the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act authorized additional discretionary grants funding for the VPPP. All projects funded under the VPPP were completed as of the submission of the 2020 Report to Congress. However, formula Federal-aid highway funds, such as those through the Surface Transportation Block Grant Program, may and sometimes are being used to deploy pricing strategies subject to the eligibility requirements for these funds.

Since the submission of the 2020 VPPP Report to Congress, no new toll agreements have been executed under the VPPP. However, in 2021, the Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) submitted an Expression of Interest (EoI) for the Little Cottonwood Canyon (State Route 210). UDOT is seeking toll authority under the program and an Environmental Impact Statement is currently under development. In two of the States that previously acquired authority to toll under

The U.S. Department of Transportation has focused extensively on addressing traffic congestion problems throughout the Nation through various strategies. Relatedly, the Department continues to provide information and coordinates comprehensive technical assistance to the States and other stakeholders.

A similar letter has been sent to the Chairman of the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works.

Sincerely,

# **Value Pricing Pilot Program Toll Agreements as of May 2022**

STATE/AGENCY	PROJECT	TOLL AGREEMENT SIGNED
California/San Diego Association of	I-15 Express Lanes (San	March 1995
Governments	Diego County)	
California/Riverside County	I-15 Express Lanes	July 2009
Transportation Commission	(Riverside County)	
California/Riverside County	State Route 91 (Riverside	August 2009
Transportation Commission	County)	
California/Alameda County	I-680 SMART Carpool Lanes	October 2010
Transportation Commission	_	
California/Santa Clara Valley	SR 237 Express Connector	March 2011
Transportation Authority	_	
Florida/Florida Department of	I-95 Managed Lanes	April 2009
Transportation	-	
Florida/Florida Department of	State Route 826 Palmetto	September 2014
Transportation	Expressway	
Maryland/Maryland State Highway	I-95 Express Toll Lanes	July 2005
Administration	_	
Minnesota/Minnesota Department of	I-394 MnPass Express Lane	April 2005
Transportation		
Minnesota/Minnesota Department of	I-35W Managed Lanes	July 2009
Transportation	-	
Texas/Texas Department of	I-10 (Katy Freeway)	November 2002
Transportation/Harris County Toll		
Road Authority		
Virginia/Virginia Department of	Elizabeth River Tunnels	September 2009
Transportation		_
Washington/Washington State	State Route 520 Bridge	January 2011
Department of Transportation		